

# MICHIGAN'S EARNED SICK TIME ACT: QUESTIONS EMPLOYER'S SHOULD ASK THEMSELVES

# **Employer Worksheet to Prepare for ESTA Compliance**

#### 1. Do you currently offer paid time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Employers will be required to	
	offer paid sick time to all	
	employees as of February 21,	
	2025. If you are already	
	offering your employees paid	
	time off, you may not need to	
	add additional time off	
	benefits to your offering, but	
	you may need to restructure	
	how your existing time off	
	policies work to be in	
	compliance with the ESTA.	

#### 2. How much paid time off do you offer per year?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Employers will be required to	
	offer a minimum of one hour of	
	paid time off for every 30 hours	
	worked to be used for the	
	purposes outlined in the ESTA.	
	Employers already offering	
	more than this amount of time	
	off (that can be used for any	
	purpose) may satisfy this	
	requirement. An additional	
	bank of time may not be	
	necessary.	

## 3. Who is eligible to receive paid time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	<b>ALL</b> employees regardless of	
	status or hours worked must	
	be eligible to earn paid sick	
	time as of February 21, 2025.	
	This includes full-time, part-	
	time, hourly, salary,	
	temporary, seasonal, and	
	independent contractors. You	
	can retain your eligibility	
	requirements for any	
	additional time off you offer	
	that is above and beyond the	
	paid sick leave mandate, but	
	for the ESTA provisions, all	
	employees must be eligible to	
	receive those.	

## 4. How long does someone have to work for you before they can earn/accrue paid time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	For the purposes of paid sick	
	time, employees are entitled	
	to begin accruing this	
	immediately as of the effective	
	date of this Act, and upon hire	
	thereafter. Employers can	
	impose an initial 90-day	
	waiting period for employees	
	to access their accrued paid	
	sick time, but the actual	
	accrual must begin	
	immediately. You can retain	
	separate accrual schedules	
	for any additional time off you	
	offer that is above and beyond	
	the paid sick leave mandate,	
	but for the ESTA provisions,	
	accrual begins on 2/21/25.	

5. Do you currently allow for carryover of unused paid time off from one year to the next?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Unused earned sick time	
	under the ESTA must be	
	allowed to carryover from one	
	year to the next without	
	limitation. You can retain	
	carryover rules for any	
	additional time off you offer	
	that is above and beyond the	
	paid sick leave mandate, but	
	for the ESTA provisions,	
	carryover is required.	

6. Do you cap the number of paid time off hours you award each year?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	The ESTA requires that	
	employees earn one hour of	
	paid sick time for every 30	
	hours worked without	
	limitation or annual maximum	
	caps. You can retain annual	
	maximum allotments for any	
	additional time off you offer	
	that is above and beyond the	
	paid sick leave mandate, if you	
	choose.	

7. Do you cap the maximum number of hours an employee can have in their paid time off bank at any given time?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	The ESTA does not place a	
	maximum on the number of	
	hours an employee can	
	accrue throughout the course	
	of their employment. The only	
	maximum limitation	
	expressed in the Act is	
	regarding the number of hours	

an employee can USE in a given year. The ESTA caps that amount at 72 hours. You can retain maximum thresholds for any additional time off banks you offer, if you choose.	
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8. Do you cap the maximum number of hours an employee can use from their paid time off bank at any given time?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	The ESTA has a cap on the	
	total number of paid sick time	
	hours an employee can use	
	annually (72 hours) but does	
	not impose a limit on the	
	number of hours an employee	
	can use at any one time, so	
	long as it is less than 72 hours.	
	If you choose to offer an	
	additional bank of paid time	
	off, you can place any limits	
	you see fit on the number of	
	hours that can be	
	requested/granted at one	
	time.	

9. Do you dictate the increments of time (1-hour, 4-hour, 8-hour) that paid time off can be taken in?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Under the ESTA, employees	
	must be allowed to take	
	accrued sick time in the	
	smallest increment of time the	
	employer's	
	payroll/timekeeping system	
	can track – not to exceed 1-	
	hour increments. This will	
	require that you learn about	
	your payroll/timekeeping	
	system's capabilities and	

update your policy language and tracking of earned sick time accordingly. If you choose to offer an additional bank of paid time off, you can	
determine the increment of time those requests can be taken in.	

## 10. Do you have advanced notice requirements for employees who want to use their paid time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Under the ESTA, employees	
	wanting to access accrued	
	paid sick leave only need to	
	provide advanced notice of	
	the request if the need for sick	
	time is foreseeable. In those	
	cases, the employer can	
	require up to 7 days' advanced	
	notice. If the need is not	
	foreseeable the employee the	
	employer cannot enforce	
	advanced notice/call-in	
	procedures, as the employee	
	is only required to notify the	
	employer 'as soon as	
	practicable' in those	
	situations – which is difficult to	
	prove/enforce. If you want to	
	retain your advanced	
	notice/call-in procedures for	
	any additional time off you	
	may offer that is above and	
	beyond the ESTA	
	requirements, you will need to	
	clarify your policy language.	

## 11. Do you require documentation for the use of paid time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	If the employee is pulling from	
	their earned sick time under	
	the ESTA provisions, you are	
	unable to request	
	documentation to	
	substantiate the absence	
	unless the employee has been	
	out for more than 3	
	consecutive days. Otherwise,	
	you are unable to ask for	
	supporting documentation for	
	time off associated with ESTA.	
	It is not clear yet how this	
	prohibition applies to FMLA-	
	related absences or fitness for	
	duty assessments.	

## 12. Do you enforce an attendance policy or point system to curb excessive time off?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	Employers are prohibited from	
	retaliating against an	
	employee for exercising their	
	rights under the ESTA.	
	Assigning attending points or	
	disciplinary action to	
	absences stemming from the	
	use of earned sick time is	
	viewed as retaliation under the	
	law. You can still enforce	
	attendance standards for time	
	off that is not covered by the	
	ESTA.	

# 13. How do you notify your current employees and new hires of your time off policies?

If you are like most companies, your time off benefits are explained in your employee handbook and perhaps outlined in an offer letter. That will likely not be enough under the ESTA
provisions, which require employers to provide written notice to current employees and all new hires outlining the following:  • The amount of earned sick time required to be provided to an employee under this Act.  • The employer's choice of how a 'year' will be calculated.  • The terms under which earned sick time can be used.  • A prohibition on retaliation for an employee's rights under this Act.  • The employee's right to bring a civil action or file a complaint with the department (State of Michigan) for any violation of this Act.  Notices must be written in English, Spanish and any other language spoken by at least 10% of the employer's workforce.

14. Do you have defined banks for paid time off? Ie: sick, vacation, personal, medical, parental leave, etc.?

CURRENT POLICY	NEW REQUIREMENTS	CHANGES TO MAKE
	If you are currently using	
	separate banks of paid time	
	off for sick vs.	
	vacation/personal, you will	
	need to ensure that your sick	
	bank meets all the terms and	
	conditions of the ESTA,	
	including the broad range of	
	reasons an employee could	
	access this bank of time.	
	Under the ESTA, employees	
	can use their earned sick time	
	for their own mental/physical	
	health, to care for a family	
	member's mental/physical	
	health, or to care for someone	
	whose close association with	
	the employee is the equivalent	
	of a family relationship.	
	If you currently combine all	
	your paid time off into one	
	general bank, you will need to	
	determine if you want all the	
	hours in that bank to be	
	subjected to the rules and	
	stipulations of the ESTA. If the	
	answer is no, then you should	
	consider splitting your banks	
	apart and clearly defining the	
	rules for each. Only the bank	
	associated with sick time	
	needs to follow the ESTA.	
	If you currently offer no paid	
	time off to your employees,	
	you will need to develop a	
	policy that offers paid sick	
	time in accordance with ESTA	
	standards no later than	
	February 21, 2025.	

If you offer unlimited paid
time off (flexible time off) to
your employees, you will still
need to comply with employee
notification and recordkeeping
requirements of the ESTA.
This may mean that you begin
tracking the time off
employees use and are
careful about how you impose
disciplinary measures if you
determine an employee's
absences to be excessive.

#### 15. What additional questions do you have that still need answers?

QUESTIONS	ANSWERS

This document was created by HRM Services to aid in employer compliance with the ESTA and is not meant to be used as legal advice.

# **QUESTIONS**



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